

Portable Ultrasonic Flow Measurement of Liquids

Portable instrument for non-invasive, quick ultrasonic flow measurement with clamp-on technology for all types of piping

Features

- Non-invasive measurement using the clamp-on method for precise bi-directional, highly dynamic flow mesurement
- Portable, easy-to-use flowmeter with 2 flow measurement channels, multiple inputs/outputs, an integrated data logger and a serial interface in the standard version
- Automatic loading of calibration data and transducer detection, reduces set-up times and provides precise, long-term stable results
- Li-Ion battery for 14 hours of measurement operation
- Proven clamp-on method; transducers available for a wide range of inner pipe diameters (6...6500 mm) and temperatures in the range of -40...+400 °C; resistant to dust and humidity
- · Integrated wall thickness measurement
- Water and dust-tight; resistant against oil, many liquids and dirt
- Robust, water-tight (IP 67) transport case with comprehensive accessories
- HybridTrek: automatic changeover between transit time difference method and NoiseTrek for media with a high proportion of solids or gases
- QuickFix for fast mounting of the flowmeter in difficult conditions

Applications

- Designed for industrial use, in particular for application in
 - Chemical industry
 - Water and waste water industry
 - Cooling systems and air conditioners
 - Facility management
 - Aviation industry



FLUXUS F601 supported by handle



Measurement with transducers mounted by fastening shoes and flowmeter fixed to the pipe by the QuickFix pipe mounting fixture



1

Measurement equipment in transport case

List of Contents

Function	
Measuring Principle	3
Calculation of the Volume Flow	3
Number of Sound Paths	4
Typical Measurement Setup	5
Flowmeter	6
Technical Data	6
Dimensions	8
Standard Scopes of Supply	9
Connection of Adapters	10
Example for the Equipment of a Transport Case	11
Transducers	12
Transducer Selection	12
Order Code Key for Transducers	13
Technical Data	14
Transducer Mounting Fixtures	17
Coupling Materials for Transducers	19
Connection Systems	20
Transducer Cables	20
Temperature Probes (Option)	21
Wall Thickness Probe (Option)	23

Function

Measuring Principle

Transit Time Difference Principle

For the flow measurement of the medium, ultrasonic signals are used, employing the transit time difference principle. Ultrasonic signals are emitted by a transducer installed on one side of a pipe, reflected on the opposite side and received by a second transducer. These signals are emitted alternatively in flow direction and against it.

As the medium in which the signals propagate is flowing, the transit time of the ultrasonic signals in flow direction is shorter than against the flow direction.

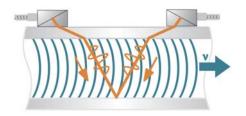
The transit time difference ∆t is measured and allows to determine the average flow velocity on the propagation path of the ultrasonic signals. A flow profile correction is then performed in order to obtain the area average of the flow velocity, which is proportional to the volume flow.

The received ultrasonic signals will be checked for their usefulness for the measurement and the plausibility of the measured values will be evaluated. The complete measuring cycle is controlled by the integrated microprocessors. Disturbance signals will be eliminated.

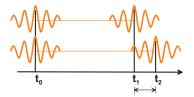
HybridTrek

If the gaseous or solid content of the medium increases occasionally during measurement, a measurement with the transit time difference principle will be no longer possible. Instead NoiseTrek will be selected, a method achieving a stable measurement even with a high gaseous or solid content.

The flowmeter switches automatically between transit time difference principle and NoiseTrek during measurement, the measurement setup does not need to be changed.



Path of the ultrasonic signal



Transit time difference Δt

Calculation of the Volume Flow

 $Q = k_{Re} \cdot A \cdot k_{\alpha} \cdot \Delta t/(2 \cdot t_{t})$

with:

Q - volume flow

k_{Re}- fluid mechanics correction factor

A - cross-sectional area of the pipe

 \textbf{k}_{α} - flowmeter constant Δt - transit time difference

t_t - transit time of the medium

Number of Sound Paths

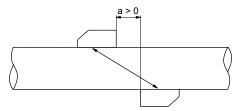
The number of sound paths is the number of transits of the ultrasonic signals through the medium in the pipe. **reflection mode**: number of sound paths = even, the transducers are mounted on the same side of the pipe, correct positioning of the transducers easier

diagonal mode: number of sound paths = odd, the transducers are mounted on opposite sides of the pipe The mode to be used depends on the application. If the number of sound paths is increased, the accuracy of the measurement will be better, but the signal attenuation is increased.

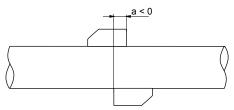
In case of a high signal attenuation by medium, pipe and coatings, diagonal mode with 1 sound path will be used.

The optimum number of sound paths for the parameters of the application will be determined automatically by the flowmeter

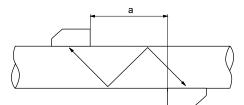
As the transducers can be mounted with the supplied transducer mounting fixture in reflection mode or diagonal mode the number of sound paths can be adjusted optimally to the application.



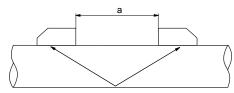
Diagonal mode, number of sound paths: 1



Diagonal mode, number of sound paths: 1, negative transducer distance



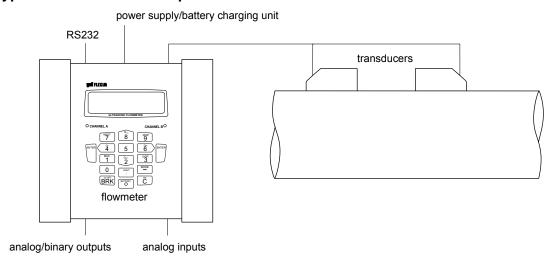
Diagonal mode, number of sound paths: 3



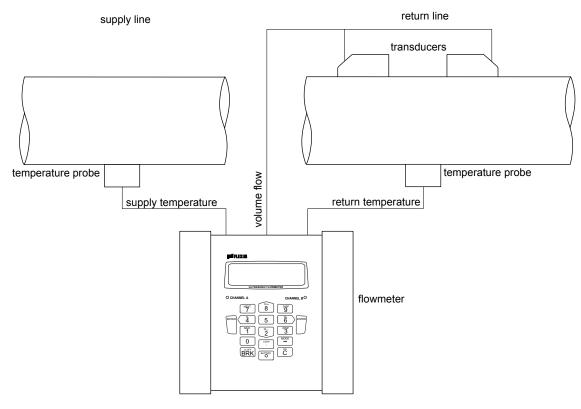
Reflex mode, number of sound paths: 2

a - transducer distance

Typical Measurement Setup



Example for a measurement setup in reflection mode



Example for heat flow measurement

Flowmeter

Technical Data

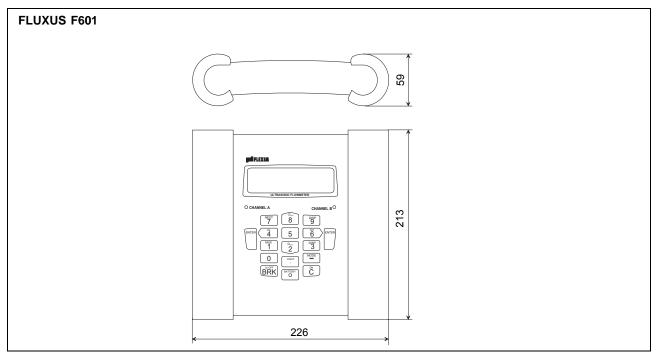
FLUXUS	F601
design	portable
measurement	
measuring principle	transit time difference correlation principle, automatic NoiseTrek selection for measurements with high gaseous or solid content
flow velocity	0.0125 m/s
repeatability	0.15 % of reading ±0.01 m/s
accuracy ¹	
with standard calibration	±1.6 % of reading ±0.01 m/s
with extended calibration (option)	±1.2 % of reading ±0.01 m/s
with field calibration ²	±0.5 % of reading ±0.01 m/s
medium	all acoustically conductive liquids with < 10 % gaseous or solid content in volume (transit time difference principle)
flowmeter	
power supply	100240 V/5060 Hz (power supply), 10.515 V DC (socket at flowmeter) or integrated battery
battery	Li-lon, 7.2 V/4.5 Ah operating time (without outputs, inputs and backlight): > 14 h
power consumption	< 6 W
number of flow measuring channels	2
signal damping	0100 s, adjustable
measuring cycle (1 channel)	1001000 Hz
response time	1 s (1 channel), option: 70 ms
material	PA, TPE, AutoTex, stainless steel
degree of protection according to EN 60529	IP 65
weight	1.9 kg
fixation	QuickFix pipe mounting fixture
operating temperature	-10+60 °C
display	2 x 16 characters, dot matrix, backlit
menu language	English, German, French, Dutch, Spanish
measuring functions	
physical quantities	volume flow, mass flow, flow velocity, heat flow (if temperature inputs are installed)
totalizers	volume, mass, option: heat quantity
calculation functions	average, difference, sum
data logger	
loggable values	all physical quantities and totalized values
capacity	> 100 000 measured values

¹ for transit time difference principle, reference conditions and v > 0.15 m/s

² reference uncertainty < 0.2 %

FLUXUS	F601					
communication						
interface	RS232/USB					
serial data kit						
software (all Windows TM versions)	- FluxData: download of measured data, graphical presentation, conversion to other formats (e.g. for Excel TM)					
	- FluxKoeff: creating medium data sets					
cable	RS232					
adapter	RS232 - USB					
transport case						
dimensions	500 x 400 x 190 mm					
outputs						
	The outputs are galvanically isolated from the flowmeter.					
number	see standard scopes of supply on page 9, max. on request					
accessories	output adapter (if number of outputs > 4)					
	current output					
range	0/420 mA					
accuracy	0.1 % of reading ±15 μ A					
active output	$R_{\rm ext}$ < 200 Ω					
passive output	U _{evt} = 416 V, dependent on R _{evt}					
	$R_{\text{ext}}^{\text{CA}}$ < 500 Ω					
	frequency output					
range	010 kHz					
open collector	24 V/4 mA					
	binary output					
optorelay	32 V/100 mA					
binary output as alarm output						
- functions	limit, change of flow direction or error					
binary output as pulse output						
- pulse value	0.011000 units					
- pulse width	11000 ms					
inputs						
	The inputs are galvanically isolated from the flowmeter.					
number	see standard scopes of supply on page 9, max. 4					
accessories	input adapter (if number of inputs > 2)					
	temperature input					
designation	Pt100/Pt1000					
connection	4-wire					
range	-150+560 °C					
resolution	0.01 K					
accuracy	±0.01 % of reading ±0.03 K					
	current input					
range	passive: -20+20 mA					
accuracy	0.1 % of reading ±10 μ A					
passive input	$R_i = 50 \Omega, P_i < 0.3 W$					
	voltage input					
range	01 V					
accuracy	0.1 % of reading ±1 mV					
internal resistance	$R_i = 1 M\Omega$					

Dimensions

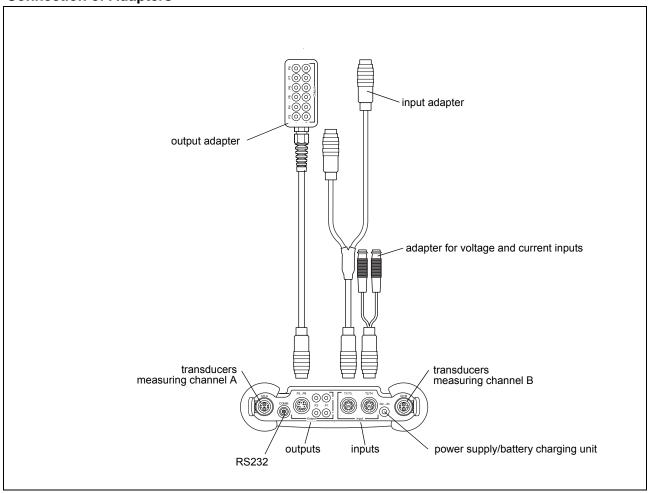


in mm

Standard Scopes of Supply

	F601 Standard	F601 Energy	F601 Multifunctional	
application	all flow measurements on liquids, e.g. modeling of pump curves	including energy calculator for BTU and heat measurements	sophisticated measuring tasks, e.g. temporary substitute of other flowmeters with compensation of input quantities (e.g. density, vis- cosity) and simultaneous mea- sured value output	
inputs/outputs				
passive current output	2	2	4	
binary output	2	2	2	
temperature input	-	2	2	
passive current input	-	-	2	
accessories				
transport case	x	x	х	
power supply, power cable	x	x	х	
battery	х	х	х	
output adapter	-	-	х	
input adapter	-	-	2	
adapter for voltage or current inputs	-	-	2	
QuickFix pipe mounting fixture for flowmeter	х	х	х	
serial data kit	х	х	х	
fastening shoes and chains (transducer frequency M, Q)	x	х	х	
measuring tape	х	х	х	
user manual, Quick Start Guide	x	X	х	
connector board at the upper side of the flowmeter	0000 0000			

Connection of Adapters

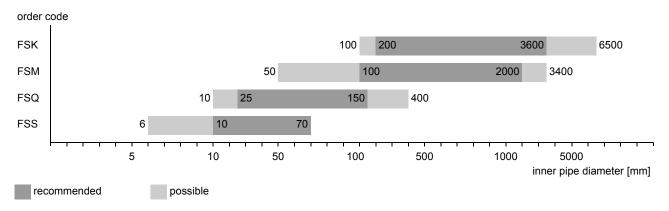


Example for the Equipment of a Transport Case



Transducers

Transducer Selection



Order Code Key for Transducers

1, 2	3		4	5, 6	7, 8		911	no. of character
transducer	transducer frequency	-	temperature	explosion protection	connection system	-	extension cable	description
FS								set of ultrasonic flow transducers for liquids measurement, shear wave
	K							0.5 MHz
	М							1 MHz
	Q							4 MHz
	S							8 MHz
	N					normal temperature range		
						extended temperature range (shear wave transducers with transducer frequency M, Q)		
				NN				not explosion proof
					NL			with Lemo connector
							XXX	cable length in m, for max. length of extension cable see page 20
examp	le							
FS	М	-	N	NN	NL	-	000	shear wave transducer 1 MHz, normal temperature range, connection system NL with Lemo connector
		-				-		

Technical Data

Shear Wave Transducers

technical type		CDK1NZ7	CDM1NZ7	
order code		FSK-NNNNL	FSM-NNNNL	
transducer frequency	MHz	0.5	1	
inner pipe diameter d				
min. extended	mm	100	50	
min. recommended	mm	200	100	
max. recommended	mm	3600	2000	
max. extended	mm	6500	3400	
pipe wall thickness				
min.	mm	-	-	
max.	mm	-	-	
material				
housing		PEEK with stainless steel cap 304 (1.4301)	stainless steel 304 (1.4301)	
contact surface		PEEK	PEEK	
degree of protection according to EN 60529		IP 67	IP 67	
transducer cable				
type		1699	1699	
length	m	5	4	
dimensions				
length I	mm	126.5	60	
width b	mm	47	30	
height h	mm	55.9	33.5	
dimensional drawing				
_				
operating temperature				
min.	°C	-40	-40	
max.	°C	+130	+130	

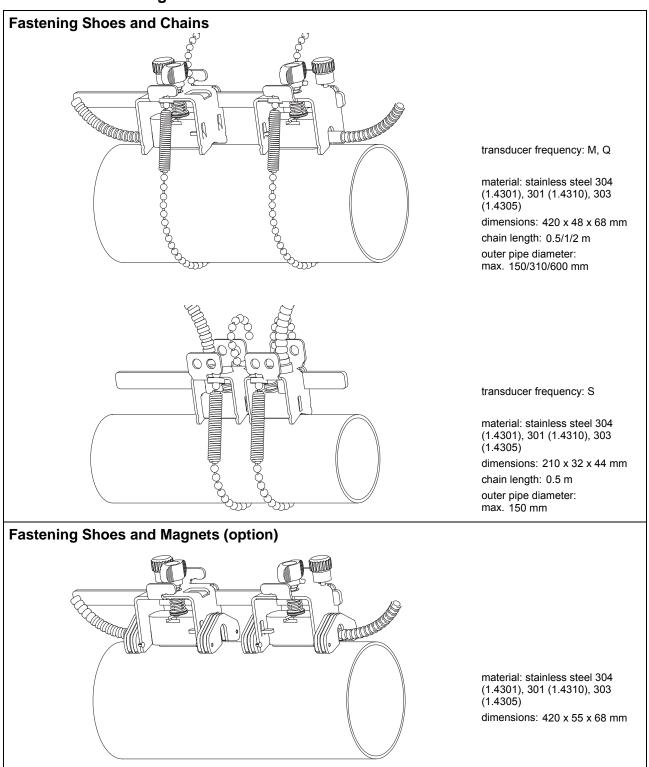
Shear Wave Transducers

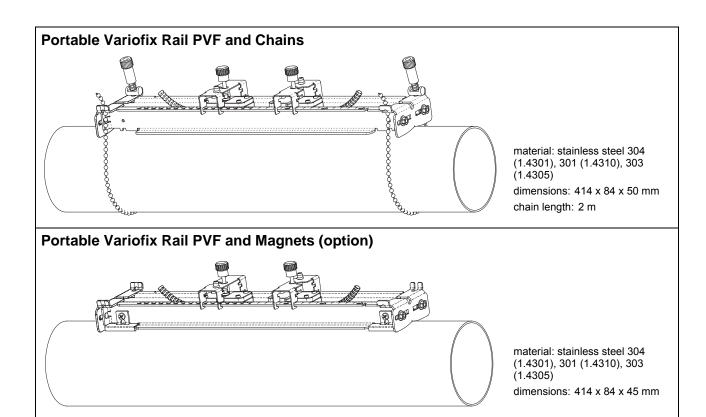
technical type		CDQ1NZ7	CDS1NZ7					
order code		FSQ-NNNNL	FSS-NNNNL					
transducer frequency	MHz	4	8					
inner pipe diameter d								
min. extended	mm	10	6					
min. recommended	mm	25	10					
max. recommended	mm	150	70					
max. extended	mm	400	70					
pipe wall thickness	•							
min.	mm	-	-					
max.	mm	-	-					
material								
housing		stainless steel 304	stainless steel 304					
		(1.4301)	(1.4301)					
contact surface		PEEK	PEI					
degree of protection		IP 67	IP 65					
according to EN 60529								
		1699	1699					
type length	m	3	2					
dimensions	1111	3	2					
length I	mm	42.5	25					
width b	mm	18	13					
height h	mm	21.5	17					
dimensional drawing	1111111	21.0	17					
umensional drawing		7000	Manual III					
operating tompositive								
operating temperature	°C	-40	-30					
min.	°C	-40 +130	-30 +130					
max.	U	T 13U	T 130					

Shear Wave Transducers (extended temperature range)

technical type		CDM1EZ7	CDQ1EZ7					
order code		FSM-ENNNL	FSQ-ENNNL					
transducer frequency	MHz	1	4					
inner pipe diameter d								
min. extended mm 50 10								
min. recommended	mm	100	25					
max. recommended	mm	2000	150					
max. extended	mm	3400	400					
pipe wall thickness								
min.	mm	-	-					
max.	mm	-	-					
material								
housing		stainless steel 304	stainless steel 304					
_		(1.4301)	(1.4301)					
contact surface		Sintimid	Sintimid					
degree of protection		IP 65	IP 65					
according to EN 60529								
		1699	1699					
type			3					
length	m	4	3					
dimensions		Ico	42.5					
length I	mm	60						
width b	mm	30	18					
height h	mm	33.5	21.5					
dimensional drawing								
		م						
_								
operating temperature								
min.	°C	-30	-30					
max.	°C	+200	+200					

Transducer Mounting Fixtures





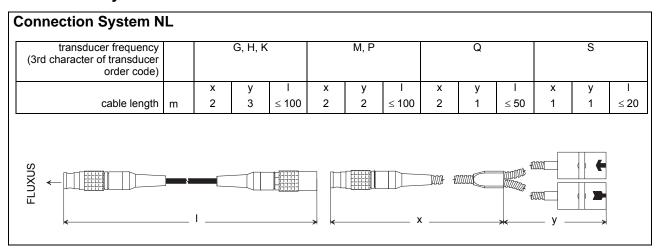
Coupling Materials for Transducers

	normal temperatu (4th character of tode = N)	transducer order	extended tempera (4th character of code = E)	•	WaveInjector WI-400		
	< 100 °C 100170 °C		< 150 °C 150200 °C		< 280 °C	280400 °C	
< 2 h	, ,	, ,		coupling com- pound type E or H		coupling foil type B	
< 24 h					coupling foil coupling foil type A type B		

Technical Data

type	order code	temperature	material	remark
		°C		
coupling compound type N	990739-1	-30+130	mineral grease paste	
coupling compound type E	990739-2	-30+200	silicone paste	
coupling compound type H	990739-3	-30+250	fluoropolymer paste	
coupling foil type A	990739-7	max. 280	Pb	
coupling foil type B	990739-8	> 280400	Ag	
coupling foil type VT	990739-0	-10+150, peak max. 200	fluoroelastomer	for transducers with transducer frequency G, H, K
	990739-6			for transducers with transducer frequency M, P
	990739-5			for transducers with transducer frequency Q
	990739-10			for transducers with transducer frequency S

Connection Systems



x, y - transducer cable length

I - max. length of extension cable

Transducer Cables

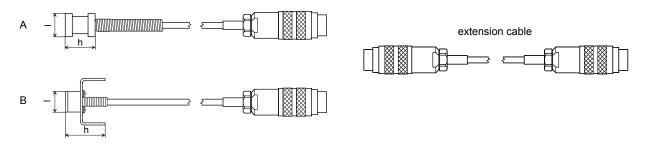
Technical Data

		transducer cable	extension cable
item number		1699	2551
standard length	m	see table above	5 10
max. length	m	-	see table above
temperature	°C	-55+200	< 115
sheath	•	•	•
material		stainless steel 304 (1.4301)	-
outer diameter	mm	8	-
cable jacket	•	•	•
material		PTFE	TPE-O
outer diameter	mm	2.9	8
thickness	mm	0.3	
color		brown	black
shield		x	х

Temperature Probes (Option)

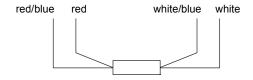
Technical Data

order code		670415-1	670414-1	670415-2	670414-2			
type		Pt100	Pt100 paired according to DIN 1434-1	Pt100	Pt100 paired according to DIN 1434-1			
design		4-1	wire	4-\	vire			
measuring range	°C	-30	.+250	-50	.+250			
accuracy T		±(0.15 °C + 2 ·	10 ⁻³ · T), class A	±(0.15 °C + 2	10 ^{-3 ·} T), class A			
accuracy ∆T		-	\leq 0.1 K (3K < Δ T < 6 K), more corre- sponding to EN 1434-1	-	\leq 0.1 K (3K < Δ T < 6 K), more corre- sponding to EN 1434-1			
response time	S	ţ	50		8			
housing		aluminum			ess steel 304 01), Cu			
degree of protection according to EN 60529		IP	66	IP	66			
weight (without connector)	kg	0.25	0.5	0.32	0.64			
fixation		clan	np on	clamp on				
accessories		- plastic protection pla foam						
dimensions	dimensions							
length I	mm	15		1	4			
width b	mm	15		30				
height h	mm	2	20	27				
dimensional drawing		A B			В			



Connection

Temperature Probe



Connector

pin	cable of temperature probe	extension cable	
1	white/blue	blue	
2	red/blue	gray	
3, 4, 5	not connected		
6	red	red	
7	white	white	
8	not connected		



Cables

		cable of temperature probe	extension cable	
type		4 x 0.25 mm ² black or white	LIYCY 8 x 0.14 mm ² gray	
standard length	m	3	5/10/25	
max. length	m	-	200	
cable jacket		PTFE	PVC	

Wall Thickness Probe (Option)

The pipe wall thickness is an important pipe parameter which has to be determined exactly for a good measurement. However, the pipe wall thickness often is unknown.

The wall thickness probe will be connected to the flowmeter instead of the flow transducers. The wall thickness measurement mode is activated automatically then.

The wall thickness probe is pressed with coupling compound on the pipe. The wall thickness is displayed on the flowmeter and can be stored directly in the parameter record of the pipe.

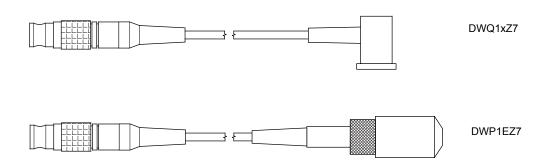


Wall thickness measurement

Technical Data

technical type		DWQ1xZ7	DWP1EZ7	
		reverse polarity protected		
measuring range ¹	mm	1200		
resolution	mm	0.01		
linearity	mm	0.1		
operating temperature	°C	-20+60	-20+200, peak max. 540	
cable length	m	1.5	1.2	

¹ The measuring range depends on the attenuation of the ultrasonic signal in the pipe. For strongly attenuating plastics (e.g. PFA, PTFE, PP) the measuring range is smaller.





FLEXIM GmbH Wolfener Str. 36 12681 Berlin Germany

Tel.: +49 (30) 93 66 76 60 Fax: +49 (30) 93 66 76 80 e-mail: info@flexim.com

internet: www.flexim.com